Arkansas English Language Arts Standards Grades K-5								
Anchor Standards for Reading								
Key Ideas and Details								
1	Read closely to determine what th	e text says explicitly and to make lo	gical inferences from it; cite specific	textual evidence when writing or s	speaking to support conclusions			
	drawn from the text.							
			oment; summarize the key supporting	g details and ideas.				
	Analyze how and why individuals,	events, and ideas develop and inter	act over the course of a text.	I				
Craft and Structure								
4	and/or tone.	ey are used in a text, including dete	rming technical, connotative, and fig	gurative meanings; analyze how spe	ecific word choices shape meaning			
5	Analyze the structure of texts, incl whole.	uding how specific sentences, parag	graphs, and larger portions of the te	xt (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, st	tanza) relate to each other and the			
6	Assess how point of view, perspec	tive, and/or purpose shapes the cor	ntent and style of a text.		T			
Integration of Knowledge and Ide								
		esented in diverse media and forma						
		•	ding the validity of the reasoning as		cy of the evidence .			
9	Analyze how two or more texts ad	dress similar themes or topics in or	der to build knowledge or to compa	re the approaches of the author(s).				
Range of Reading and Level of Tex	· · ·							
10	Read and comprehend complex lit	erary and informational texts indep	endently and proficiently.					
		Grade-Level Standard	s for Reading Literature					
Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5			
RL.K.1	RL.1.1	RL.2.1	RL.3.1	RL.4.1	RL.5.1			
With prompting and support, ask	Ask and answer questions about	Ask and answer such questions as	Ask and answer questions to	Refer to details and examples in a	•			
and answer questions about key	key details in a text.	who, what, where, when, why,	demonstrate understanding of a	text when explaining what the	when explaining what the text			
details in a text.		and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.			
RL.K.2 With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including	RL.1.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate	RL.2.2 Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse	RL.3.2 <i>Recount</i> stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse	RL.4.2 Examine a grade-appropriate literary text	RL.5.2 Examine a <i>grade-appropriate</i> literary text			
key details.	understanding of their central message or lesson.	cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.	cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.	 Provide a <i>summary</i>. Determine a <i>theme</i> of a story, drama, or poem from details in 	 Provide a summary. Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges and how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic. 			

RL.K.3	RL.1.3	RL.2.3	RL.3.3	RL.4.3	RL.5.3
With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.		Describe how characters in a story	Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events	Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, actions).	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or
RL.K.4	RL.1.4	RL.2.4	RL.3.4	RL.4.4	RL.5.4
Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses	Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.		Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
RL.K.5	RL.1.5	RL.2.5	RL.3.5	RL.4.5	RL.5.5
Recognize common types of text (e.g., storybooks, poems).	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information,	Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how		Compare and contrast the structural elements of poems	Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
RL.K.6	RL.1.6	RL.2.6	RL.3.6	RL.4.6	RL.5.6
With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story.	· ·	Acknowledge differences in the perspectives of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.	Distinguish their own <i>perspective</i> from that of the narrator or those of the characters, also distiguish the difference between first- and third-person <i>point-of-view</i> narrations.	Compare and contrast the <i>point</i> of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.	Describe how a narrator's or speaker's <i>point of view</i> and/or <i>perspective</i> influence how events are described.

RL.K.7	RL.1.7	RL.2.7	RL.3.7	RL.4.7	RL.5.7
With prompting and support,	Use illustrations and details in a	Use information gained from the	Explain how specific aspects of a	Analyze the similarities and	Analyze how multimedia
describe the relationship between	story to describe its characters,	illustrations and words in a print	text's illustrations contribute to	differences between the text of a	elements (e.g., text, audio, still
illustrations and the story in which	setting, or events.	or digital text to demonstrate	what is conveyed by the words in	story or drama and a visual or	images, animation, video, or
they appear (e.g., based on this		understanding of its characters,	a story (e.g., create mood,	oral presentation of the same	interactive component) contribute
picture, what is happening?).		setting, or plot.	emphasize aspects of a character or setting).	text citing specific details.	to the meaning, tone, or beauty of that text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).
RL.K.8	RL.1.8	RL.2.8	RL.3.8	RL.4.8	RL.5.8
Not applicable to literature.	Not applicable to literature.	Not applicable to literature.	Not applicable to literature.	Not applicable to literature.	Not applicable to literature.
RL.K.9	RL.1.9	RL.2.9	RL.3.9	RL.4.9	RL.5.9
With prompting and support,	Compare and contrast the	Compare and contrast two or	Compare and contrast the	Compare and contrast the	Compare and contrast stories in
compare and contrast the	adventures and experiences of	more versions of the same story	themes, settings, and plots of	treatment of similar themes and	the same genre on their
characters (e.g., adventures and	characters in stories.	(e.g., Cinderella stories) by	stories written by the same author		approaches to similar themes and
experiences) in familiar stories.		different authors or from different cultures.	about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).	and evil) and patterns of events in stories and traditional literature from different cultures.	topics.
RL.K.10	RL.1.10	RL.2.10	RL.3.10	RL.4.10	RL.5.10
Actively engage in teacher-led	With prompting and support,	By the end of the year, read and	By the end of the year, read and	By the end of the year, read and	By the end of the year, read and
reading activities with purpose	read prose and poetry of	comprehend literature, including	comprehend literature, including	comprehend literature, including	comprehend literature, including
and understanding.	appropriate complexity for Grade	stories and poetry, in the Grades 2	stories, dramas, and poetry, at the	stories, dramas, and poetry, in	stories, dramas, and poetry, at the
	1.	3 text complexity band	high end of the Gades 2-3 text	the Grades 4-5 text complexity	high end of the Grades 4-5 text
		proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	complexity band independently and proficiently.	band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	complexity band independently and proficiently.
10.1			rmational Text		
Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
RI.K.1	RI.1.1	RI.2.1	RI.3.1	RI.4.1	RI.5.1
With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why,	Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a	Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the	when explaining what the text
details in a text.	ney details iii a text.	and how to demonstrate	text, referring explicitly to the text		says explicitly and when drawing
details iii a text.		understanding of key details in a text.	as the basis for the answers.	drawing inferences from the text.	

RI.K.2	RI.1.2	RI.2.2	RI.3.2	RI.4.2	RI.5.2
With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell	Identify the main topic and <i>retell</i> key details of a text.	Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as the	Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and	Examine a <i>grade-appropriate</i> informational text.	Examine a <i>grade-appropriate</i> informational text.
key details of a text.		focus of specific paragraphs within the text.	explain how they support the main idea.	 Provide a summary. Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details. 	 Provide a summary. Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details.
RI.K.3	RI.1.3	RI.2.3	RI.3.3	RI.4.3	RI.5.3
With prompting and support, describe the connection between two topics, (individuals, events, ideas, or scientific concepts).	Describe the connection between		Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.	Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.	
RI.K.4	RI.1.4	RI.2.4	RI.3.4	RI.4.4	RI.5.4
	Ask and answer questions to help		Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a Grade 3 topic or subject area.	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a Grade 4 topic or subject area.	Determine the meaning of general academic words and domain-specific words and
RI.K.5	RI.1.5	RI.2.5	RI.3.5	RI.4.5	RI.5.5
Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.	Know and use various text features (e.g.,headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic	Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes,	Use text features and search tools		Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
RI.K.6	RI.1.6	RI.2.6	RI.3.6	RI.4.6	RI.5.6
Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.		Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.	Distinguish their own <i>perspective</i> from that of the author of a text.	Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.	Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting

RI.K.7	RI.1.7	RI.2.7	RI.3.7	RI.4.7	RI.5.7
With prompting and support, describe the relationship between visual images and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text a visual image depicts).	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.	a diagram showing how a machine	Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).	Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.	Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
RI.K.8 With prompting and support, identify the details an author gives to support points in a text.	RI.1.8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	RI.2.8 Describe how an author uses reasons to support particular points in a text.	RI.3.8 Describe the logical connection between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence).	RI.4.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.	RI.5.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).
RI.K.9 With prompting and support, identify basic similarities and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	RI.1.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	RI.2.9 Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.	RI.3.9 Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.	RI.4.9 Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	RI.5.9 Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
RI.K.10 Actively engage in teacher-led reading activities with purpose and understanding.	RI.1.10 With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for Grade 1.	RI.2.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the Grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	RI.3.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the Grades 2-3 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	the Grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding	RI.5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the Grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
		Reading Found	ational Skills K-5		
Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5

RF.K.1	RF.1.1	RF.2.1	RF.3.1	RF.4.1	RF.5.1
Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.	Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.	Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.1.A Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.	RF.1.1.A Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).	RF.2.1.A Recognize the distinguishing features of a paragraph including that multiple sentences may be used to form a paragraph and the author may indent or skip a line to signal a new paragraph.	RF.3.1.A Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.1.A Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.1.A Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.1.B Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters and that print carries meaning.	RF.1.1.B Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.2.1.B Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.1.B Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.1.B Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.1.B Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.1.C Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.	RF.1.1.C Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.2.1.C Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.1.C Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.1.C Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.1.C Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.1.D Recognize and name all upperand lowercase letters of the alphabet.	RF.1.1.D Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.2.1.D Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.1.D Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.1.D Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.1.D Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).	RF.1.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).	RF.2.2 Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.2 Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2 Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2 Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2.A Recognize and produce rhyming words orally.	RF.1.2.A Distinguish long from short vowels in spoken one-syllable words.	RF.2.2.A Distinguish vowels (long, short, variant) in spoken one-syllable words.	RF.3.2.A Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.A Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.A Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2.B Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.	RF.1.2.B Orally produce one-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes) including consonant blends.	RF.2.2.B Delete phonemes in the initial, medial, and final positions of spoken words including blends.	RF.3.2.B Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.B Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.B Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.

RF.K.2.C Blend and segment onsets and rimes of one-syllable spoken words.	RF.1.2.C Isolate and produce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken one- syllable words.	RF.2.2.C Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.2.C Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.C Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.C Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2.D Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant or CVC) words. (This does not include CVCs ending with /I/, /r/, or /x/.)	RF.1.2.D Segment spoken one-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).	RF.2.2.D Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.2.D Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.D Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.D Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2.E Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.	RF.1.2.E Delete a syllable from a word (e.g., say "remember," now say it without the "re").	RF.2.2.E Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.2.E Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.E Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.E Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2.F Begins in Grade 1.	RF.1.2.F Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, spoken words to make new words.	RF.3.2.F Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.2.F Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.F Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.F Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.2.G Begins in Grade 1.	RF.1.2.G Delete individual initial and final sounds (phonemes) in simple spoken words (e.g., say "nice" without the /n/, say "lamp" without the /p/).	RF.2.2.G Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.3.2.G Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.2.G Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.2.G Taught in Grade 1 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		RF.2.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	RF.4.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	RF.5.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

RF.K.3.A Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the most frequently used sound for each consonant.	RF.1.3.A Know the letter/sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs (e.g., th, sh, ch, ck).	RF.2.3.A Identify words with inconsistent but common letter-sound correspondences (e.g., doll/roll, though/cough/rough, love/rove, have/save, some/dome, near/bear, soot/loot, were/here, shall/tall, own/town, hour/tour, want/plant).	RF.3.3.A Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.	RF.4.3.A Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots, affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.	RF.5.3.A Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots, affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
RF.K.3.B Associate the long and short sounds with the five major vowel graphemes (a,e,i,o,u), using open and closed syllable types (e.g. open-go, closed-got).	RF.1.3.B Know the letter/sound correspondences. • silent e (e.g., a-e, e-e, i-e, o-e, u-e) • vowel teams ° vowel digraph (e.g., ee, oo, ai, ay, ea)	RF.2.3.B Know the letter/sound correspondences, including distinguishing long and short vowel sounds. • dipthongs (e.g., oi,oy,ou,ow) • r-controlled vowels (e.g., er, ir, ur, ar, or) • additional common vowel teams (e.g., ei, ie, igh) • regularly spelled one-syllable words	RF.3.3.B Decode words with common Latin suffixes.	RF.4.3.B Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.3.B Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.3.C Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).	RF.1.3.C Recognize and read <i>grade-appropriate</i> irregularly spelled words.	RF.2.3.C Recognize and read <i>grade-appropriate</i> irregularly spelled words.	RF.3.3.C Decode multisyllable words.	RF.4.3.C Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.3.C Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.3.D Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ (e.g., hat, fat, rat; cap, cup, cop; him, hip, hit).	RF.1.3.D Read words with inflectional endings.	RF.2.3.D Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes.	RF.3.3.D Read <i>grade-appropriate</i> irregularly spelled words.	RF.4.3.D Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed	RF.5.3.D Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.

RF.K.3.E	RF.1.3.E	RF.2.3.E	RF.3.3.E	RF.4.3.E	RF.5.3.E
Decode CVC words.	Decode regularly spelled one- syllable words that follow syllable types:	Decode words that follow the six syllable types:	Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.3.F Decode one-syllable words (open and closed).	RF.1.3.F Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables. Compound words (e.g., cup/cake, cow/boy) Consonant-le (e.g., can/dle, sim/ple, ri/fle, nee/dle) VC/CV (e.g., nap/kin, hap/py, stam/pede) V/CV (e.g., bo/nus)	RF.2.3.F Decode regularly spelled two- syllable words with long vowels.	RF.3.3.F Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.4.3.F Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.	RF.5.3.F Taught in Grade 2 and should be reinforced as needed.
RF.K.4 Read grade-appropriate texts with purpose and understanding.	RF.1.4 Read grade-level text with sufficient accuracy and <i>fluency</i> to suppport comprehension.	RF.2.4 Read grade-level text with sufficient accuracy and <i>fluency</i> to support comprehension.	RF.3.4 Read grade-level text with sufficient accuracy and <i>fluency</i> to support comprehension.	RF.4.4 Read grade-level text with sufficient accuracy and <i>fluency</i> to support comprehension.	RF.5.4 Read grade-level text with sufficient accuracy and <i>fluency</i> to support comprehension.
RF.K.4.A Begins in Grade 1.	RF.1.4.A Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	RF.2.4.A Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	RF.3.4.A Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	RF.4.4.A Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	RF.5.4.A Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
RF.K.4.B Begins in Grade 1.	RF.1.4.B Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	RF.2.4.B Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	RF.3.4.B Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	poetry orally with accuracy,	RF.5.4.B Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
RF.K.4.C Begins in Grade 2.	RF.1.4.C Begins in Grade 2.	RF.2.4.C Use context in grade-level text to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	RF.3.4.C Use context in grade-level text to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	RF.4.4.C Use context in grade-level text to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	RF.5.4.C Use context in grade-level text to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Anchor Standards for Writing									
Text Types and Purposes		Aliciloi Staliua	ards for writing						
	Write arguments to support claim	when analyzing substantive tonics	or texts using valid reasoning and re	l elevant sufficient evidence					
					tion organization and analysis of				
1	2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.								
	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details and well-structured event sequences.								
Production and Distribution of	Write nurratives to develop rear or	imagined experiences or events as	ing circuite teeninque, wen enoser	details and wen structured events	requeriees.				
Writing									
	4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.								
	5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.								
			g and to interact and collaborate wit						
Research to Build and Present Kn		Thet, to produce and publish writing	dia to interact and conductate wit	in others.					
		ained research projects based on fo	cused questions, demonstrating un	l derstanding of the subject under in	vestigation				
			ssess the credibility and accuracy of						
1	Gather relevant information from	munipie print and digital sources, a	ssess the credibility and accuracy of	each source, and integrate the line	imation write avoiding plagiansin.				
	Draw evidence from literary and/c	r informational texts to support an	alysis, relfection, research, and syntl	nacic					
Range of Reading and Level of Te	*	i ilioitilational texts to support all	arysis, refrection, research, and synth	10313.					
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e frames (time for research, reflecti	on, and revision) and shorter time f	l rames (a single sitting or a day or ty	(n) for a range of tasks, nurnoses				
	and audiences.	e names (time for research, reflecti	on, and revision, and shorter time i	runes (a single sitting of a day of the	vo, for a range of tasks, parposes,				
	and addiences.								
		Writing Sta	ndards K-12						
Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5				
W.K.1	W.1.1	W.2.1	W.3.1	W.4.1	W.5.1				
Use a combination of drawing,	Write opinion pieces in which	Write opinion pieces in which they	Write opinion pieces on topics or	Write opinion pieces on topics or	Write opinion pieces on topics or				
dictating, and writing to compose	they introduce the topic or name	introduce the topic or book they	texts, supporting the opinion with	texts, supporting the opinion with	texts, supporting the opinion with				
opinion pieces in which they tell a	the book they are writing about,	are writing about, state an	reasons.	reasons and information.	reasons and information.				
reader the topic or the name of		opinion, supply reasons that							
the book they are writing about	for the opinion, and provide some								
and state an opinion or		words (e.g., because, and, also) to							
preference about the topic or		connect opinion and reasons, and							
book (e.g., My favorite book is).		provide a concluding statement or							
book (e.g., wy lavolite book is).		section.							
		section.							
W.K.1.A	W.1.1.A	W.2.1.A	W.3.1.A	W.4.1.A	W.5.1.A				
Pogins in Crade 2									
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Introduce the topic or text they	Introduce a topic or text clearly,	Introduce a topic or text clearly,				
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	· · · · · ·		Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an				
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	are writing about, state an	state an opinion, and create an	state an opinion, and create an				
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which				
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to				
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which				
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to				
begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to				
W.K.1.B	Begins in Grade 3. W.1.1.B	Begins in Grade 3. W.2.1.B	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to				
	W.1.1.B	W.2.1.B	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons.	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.				
W.K.1.B	J		are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons. W.3.1.B Provide reasons that support an	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.4.1.B Provide reasons that are	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.5.1.B Provide logically ordered reasons				
W.K.1.B	W.1.1.B	W.2.1.B	are writing about, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure that lists reasons. W.3.1.B	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.4.1.B	state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. W.5.1.B				

W / 4 0	11/4.4.0	W246	W 2 4 2		W. T. 4. 6
W.K.1.C	W.1.1.C	W.2.1.C	W.3.1.C	W.4.1.C	W.5.1.C
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Use linking words and phrases	Link opinion and reasons using	Link opinion and reasons using
			(e.g., because, therefore, since, for		words, phrases, and clauses (e.g.,
			example) to connect opinion and	instance, in order to, in addition).	consequently, specifically).
			reasons.		
W.K.1.D	W.1.1.D	W.2.1.D	W.3.1.D	W.4.1.D	W.5.1.D
Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.
W.K.1.E	W.1.1.E	W.2.1.E	W.3.1.E	W.4.1.E	W.5.1.E
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Provide a concluding statement or	Provide a concluding statement	Provide a concluding statement or
		18 1 1111	section.	or section related to the opinion	section related to the opinion
			Section.	presented.	presented.
				presented.	presented.
W.K.2	W.1.2	W.2.2	W.3.2	W.4.2	W.5.2
Use a combination of drawing,	Write informative/explanatory	Write informative/explanatory	Write informative/explanatory	Write informative/explanatory	Write informative/explanatory
dictating, and writing to compose	texts in which they name a topic,	texts to introduce a topic, use	texts to examine a topic and	texts to examine a topic and	texts to examine a topic and
informative/explanatory texts that	supply some facts about the	facts and definitions to develop	convey ideas and information	convey ideas and information	convey ideas and information
name what they are writing about	topic, and provide some sense of	points, and provide a concluding	clearly.	clearly.	clearly.
and supply some information	closure.	statement or section.	•	·	,
about the topic.					
about the topic.					
W.K.2.A	W.1.2.A	W.2.2.A	W.3.2.A	W.4.2.A	W.5.2.A
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Introduce a topic and group	Introduce a topic clearly and	Introduce a topic clearly, provide a
begins in Grade 3.	begins in Grade 5.	begins in Grade 5.	related information; include	group related information in	general observation and focus,
			·		
			illustrations when useful to aiding	paragraphs and sections; include	and group related information
			comprehension.	formatting (e.g., headings),	logically; include text features
				illustrations, and multimedia	when useful to enhance
				when useful to aiding	comprehension.
				comprehension.	
W.K.2.B	W.1.2.B	W.2.2.B	W.3.2.B	W.4.2.B	W.5.2.B
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Develop the topic with facts,	Develop the topic with facts,	Develop the topic with facts,
Begins in Grade 3.	begins in Grade 5.	begins in Grade 3.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			definitions, and details.	definitions, concrete details,	definitions, concrete details,
				quotations, or other information	quotations, or other information
				and examples related to the	and examples related to the topic.
				topic.	
W.K.2.C	W.1.2.C	W.2.2.C	W.3.2.C	W.4.2.C	W.5.2.C
Begins in Grade 1.	Use linking words and phrases	Use linking words and phrases	Use linking words and phrases	Link ideas within categories of	Link ideas within and across
	(e.g., also, another, and, more,	(e.g., also, another, and, more,	(e.g., also, another, and, more,	information using words and	categories of information using
	but) to connect ideas within	but) to connect ideas within	but) to connect ideas within	phrases (e.g., another, for	words, phrases, and clauses (e.g.,
	categories of information.	categories of information.	categories of information.	example, also, because).	in contrast, especially).

W.K.2.D	W.1.2.D	W.2.2.D	W.3.2.D	W.4.2.D	W.5.2.D
Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Use precise language and	Use precise language and domain-
begins in Grade 1.	begins in Grade 1.	begins in Crade ii	begins in Grade 1.	domain-specific words to inform	specific words to inform about or
				about or explain the topic.	explain the topic.
				about of explain the topic.	explain the topic.
W.K.2.E	W.1.2.E	W.2.2.E	W.3.2.E	W.4.2.E	W.5.2.E
Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.	Begins in Grade 6.
W.K.2.F	W.1.2.F	W.2.2.F	W.3.2.F	W.4.2.F	W.5.2.F
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Provide a concluding statement or	Provide a concluding statement	Provide a concluding statement or
			section.	or section related to the	section related to the information
				information or explanation	or explanation presented.
				presented.	
W.K.3	W.1.3	W.2.3	W.3.3	W.4.3	W.5.3
Use a combination of drawing,	Write narratives in which they	Write narratives in which they	Write narratives to develop real or		Write narratives to develop real or
dictating, and writing to narrate a	recount two or more	recount a well-elaborated event	imagined experiences or events	or imagined experiences or	imagined experiences or events
single event or several loosely	appropriately sequenced events,	or short sequence of events,	using effective technique,	events using effective technique,	using effective technique,
linked events and provide a	include some details regarding	·	descriptive details, and clear event		descriptive details, and clear event
reaction to what happened.	what happened, use temporal	thoughts, and feelings, use	sequences.	event sequences.	sequences.
Тотом от тотом поред от тотом	words to signal event order, and	temporal words to signal event			
	provide some sense of closure.	order, and provide a sense of			
	provide some sense or crosure.	closure.			
W.K.3.A	W.1.3.A	W.2.3.A	W.3.3.A	W.4.3.A	W.5.3.A
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Establish a situation and introduce	_	Orient the reader by establishing a
begins in Grade 5.	begins in Grade 5.	begins in Grade 3.	a narrator and/or characters;	a situation and introducing a	situation and introducing a
			organize an event sequence that	narrator and/or characters;	narrator and/or characters;
			unfolds naturally.	organize an event sequence that	organize an event sequence that
			uniolas naturany.	unfolds naturally.	unfolds naturally.
				amoras naturany.	amoras naturany.
W.K.3.B	W.1.3.B	W.2.3.B	W.3.3.B	W.4.3.B	W.5.3.B
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Use narrative techniques, such as	· · ·	Use narrative techniques, such as
			dialogue and descriptions of	dialogue and description, to	dialogue, description, and pacing,
			actions, thoughts, and feelings to	develop experiences and events	to develop experiences and events
			develop experiences and events or		or show the responses of
			show the response of characters	characters to situations.	characters to situations.
			to situations.		
W.K.3.C	W.1.3.C	W.2.3.C	W.3.3.C	W.4.3.C	W.5.3.C
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Use temporal words and phrases	Use a variety of transitional	Use a variety of transitional
			to signal event order.	words and phrases to manage the	
				sequence of events.	manage the sequence of events.

W.K.3.D	W.1.3.D	W.2.3.D	W.3.3.D	W.4.3.D	W.5.3.D
Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey	Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
W.K.3.E	W.1.3.E	W.2.3.E	W.3.3.E	W.4.3.E	W.5.3.E
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.		Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
W.K.4	W.1.4	W.2.4	W.3.4	W.4.4	W.5.4
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose.		Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
W.K.5	W.1.5	W.2.5	W.3.5	W.4.5	W.5.5
With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.	Develop and strengthen writing with guidance and support as needed from peers and adults, by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce some writing, including in collaboration with peers.	W.1.6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish some writing, including in collaboration with peers.	W.2.6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish some writing, including in collaboration with peers.		W.4.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to produce writing in a single sitting.	collaborate with others with some guidance and support from adults; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to produce

writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books on a specific topic and produce simple findings). w.K.8 With prompting and support, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer and w a num given given a sequiver.	.1.8 ith guidance and support from ults, recall information from periences or gather	writing projects (e.g., read a variety of print and/or digital	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic. W.3.8	that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
With prompting and support, recall information from adults experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. W.K.9	ith guidance and support from ults, recall information from periences or gather		W.3.8		
	urces to answer a question.	· -	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources. • Take brief notes on sources. • Sort evidence into provided categories.	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources. • Take notes and categorize information.	W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources. • Summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work. • Provide a list of sources.
	W.1.9 Begins in Grade 4.	W.2.9 Begins in Grade 4.	W.3.9 Begins in Grade 4.	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support	W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
W.K.9.A Begins in Grade 4.	W.1.9.A Begins in Grade 4.	W.2.9.A Begins in Grade 4.	W.3.9.A Begins in Grade 4.	W.4.9.A Apply Grade 4 Reading standards to literature	W.5.9.A Apply Grade 5 Reading standards to literature.
W.K.9.B Begins in Grade 4.	W.1.9.B Begins in Grade 4.	W.2.9.B Begins in Grade 4.	W.3.9.B Begins in Grade 4.	W.4.9.B Apply Grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts.	W.5.9.B Apply Grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts.
and support, over short time frames for a range of discipline-specific	rite routinely over short time ames for a range of discipline- ecific tasks, purposes, and diences.		 W.3.10 Write routinely over extended time frames, time for research reflection revision and shorter time frames (e.g., a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. 	Write routinely over extended time frames, time for research reflection revision and shorter time frames (e.g., a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific	W.5.10 Write routinely over extended time frames, time for • research • reflection • revision and shorter time frames (e.g., a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

	Anchor Standards for Speaking and Listening								
Comprehension and Collaboration									
<u> </u>	Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.								
	2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media such as visual, quantitative, and oral.								
	Evaluate a speaker's perspective, r	easoning, and use of evidence and	rhetoric.						
5	A Present information, findings, and supporting evidence with organization, development, and style apppropriate to task, purpose, and audience so that listeners can follow line of reasoning. 5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations. 6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.								
		Grade-Level Standards f	or Speaking and Listening						
Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5				
SL.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	SL.1.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about Grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	SL.2.1 Participate in <i>collaborative conversations</i> with diverse partners about Grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	SL.3.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions one-on-one in groups teacher-led diverse partners on Grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	topics and texts, building on	SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions one-on-one in groups teacher-led with diverse partners on Grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.				
SL.K.1.A Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).	·	SL.2.1.A Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	SL.3.1.A Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.	SL.4.1.A Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.	SL.5.1.A Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.				
SL.K.1.B Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.	SL.1.1.B Continue conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.	SL.2.1.B Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.	SL.3.1.B Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).	SL.4.1.B Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.	SL.5.1.B Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.				

SL.K.1.C	SL.1.1.C	SL.2.1.C	SL.3.1.C	SL.4.1.C	SL.5.1.C
Begins in Grade 1.	Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.	Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.	Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link comments to the remarks of others.	Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.	Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
SL.K.1.D Begins in Grade 3.	SL.1.1.D Begins in Grade 3.	SL.2.1.D Begins in Grade 3.	SL.3.1.D Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.	and explain their own ideas and	SL.5.1.D Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.
SL.K.2 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details to demonstrate understanding of a topic read aloud, presented orally, or through other media.	SL.1.2 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud, information presented orally, or through other media.	SL.2.2 Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud, information presented orally, or through other media.	SL.3.2 Determine the main ideas and supporting details of information that is gained by means other than reading (e.g., texts read aloud; oral presentations of charts, graphs, diagrams; speeches).	· ·	SL.5.2 Summarize information that is gained by means other than reading (e.g., texts read aloud; oral presentations of charts, graphs, diagrams; speeches).
SL.K.3 Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.	SL.1.3 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.	SL.2.3 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue.	SL.3.3 Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker in order to clarify comprehension, offering appropriate elaboration and detail.	SL.4.3 Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.	SL.5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
SL.K.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events; provide additional details with prompting and support.	SL.1.4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.	SL.2.4 Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.	SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.	SL.4.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience to support main ideas or themes. Organize ideas logically. Use appropriate facts. Use relevant, descriptive details. Speak clearly at an understandable pace.	SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion to support main ideas or themes. • Sequencing ideas logically. • Use appropriate facts. • Use relevant, descriptive details. • Speaking clearly at an understandable pace.

SL.K.5 Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions of familiar people, places, things, and events as desired to provide additional detail.	SL.1.5 Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	SL.2.5 Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	SL.3.5 Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.	SL.4.5 Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.	SL.5.5 Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
SL.K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	SL.1.6 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.	SL.2.6 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.	SL.3.6 Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.	SL.4.6 Use standard English when speaking, differentiating between contexts that call for formal English and situations where informal discourse is appropriate.	SL.5.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.
		Anchor Standa	rds for Language		
Conventions of Standard English					
	Demonstrate command of the cor	uventions of standard English gramn	nar and usage when writing or spea	king.	
			lization, punctuation, and spelling w		
Knowledge of Language	1		71 7 1 9		
5	Apply knowledge of language to u reading or listening.	nderstand how language functions	in different contexts, to make effect	ive choices for meaning or style, an	d to comprehend more fully when
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use					
4	Determine or clarify the meaning specialized reference materials, as		words and phrases by using context	clues, analyzing meaningful word p	arts, and consulting general and
į	Demonstrate understanding of fig	urative language, word relationship	s, and nuances in word meanings.		
•		_	specific words and phrases sufficien g an unknown term important to cor		listening; demonstrate
		Grade-Level Stan	dards for Language		
Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
L.K.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage as appropriate for Kindergarten when writing or speaking.	L.1.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage as appropriate for Grade 1 when writing or speaking.	L.2.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage as appropriate for Grade 2 when writing or speaking .	L.3.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage as appropriate for Grade 3 when writing or speaking.	L.4.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage as appropriate for Grade 4 when writing or speaking.	L.5.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage as appropriate for Grade 5 when writing or speaking.

L.K.1.A	L.1.1.A	L.2.1.A	L.3.1.A	L.4.1.A	L.5.1.A
Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Begins in Grade 3.	Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, prepositions, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.
L.K.1.B	L.1.1.B	L.2.1.B	L.3.1.B	L.4.1.B	L.5.1.B
Use frequently occurring nouns. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).	Use common, proper, and singular possessive nouns (e.g., dog, dog's; Skippy, Skippy's).	Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish) and collective nouns (e.g., group).	Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns. • Use abstract nouns (e.g., childhood).	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.
L.K.1.C Use frequently occurring verbs.	L.1.1.C Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home; today I walk home;). • Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., He hops; we hop.).	L.2.1.C Form and use regular and irregular verbs.	L.3.1.C Form and use the simple verb tenses (e.g., I walk; I walked; I will walk). • Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs.	L.4.1.C Form and use the progressive verb tenses (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking).	L.5.1.C Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions. • Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.
L.K.1.D	L.1.1.D	L.2.1.D	L.3.1.D	L.4.1.D	L.5.1.D
Begins in Grade 1.	Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., I, me, they, them, my, their, anyone, everything).	Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).	Ensure subject-verb and pronoun- antecedent agreement.	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.	
L.K.1.E Begins in Grade 1.	L.1.1.E Use adjectives. • Use determiners, noun markers, to add specificity (e.g., a book, the book).	L.2.1.E Use adjectives and adverbs and choose between them depending on what is modified. ■ Use determiners, noun markers, to add specificity (e.g., a, an, the, many few, each, every, this, that, these, those).	L.3.1.E Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.	L.4.1.E Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag).	L.5.1.E Use the relative adverbs where, when, and why.

L.K.1.F	L.1.1.F	L.2.1.F	L.3.1.F	L.4.1.F	L.5.1.F
Begins in Grade 1.	Use conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so).	Use conjunctions to form compound subjects and predicates.	Use coordinating conjunctions appropriately.	Explain the function of conjunctions and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.	Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither/nor) and subordinating conjunctions (e.g., after, since, because, when) appropriately.
L.K.1.G	L.1.1.G	L.2.1.G	L.3.1.G	L.4.1.G	L.5.1.G
Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by with).		Use prepositions correctly.	Form and use prepositional phrases.	Form and use prepositional phrases.	Taught in Grade 4 and should be reinforced as needed.
L.K.1.H Independently produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. • With prompting and support, use spaces to separate words in a sentence.	L.1.1.H Produce and expand complete simple, declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. • Use appropriate spacing to separate words in a sentence.	L.2.1.H Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; the little boy watched the movie; in the afternoon, the little boy watched the movie.).	L.3.1.H Demonstrate command of simple sentences and produce compound sentences.	L.4.1.H Demonstrate command of simple and compound sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and runons. • Use independent clauses and coordinating conjunctions when writing a compound sentence.	L.5.1.H Produce complex sentences using dependent clauses and subordinating conjunctions.
L.K.1.I	L.1.1.I	L.2.1.I	L.3.1.I	L.4.1.I	L.5.1.I
Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Begins in Grade 4.	Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions.	Taught in Grade 4 and should be reinforced as needed.
L.K.1.J	L.1.1.J	L.2.1.J	L.3.1.J	L.4.1.J	L.5.1.J
Understand and use question words, interrogatives, (e.g., who, what, when, where, why, how).	Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Kindergarten and should be reinforced as needed.
L.K.1.K	L.1.1.K	L.2.1.K	L.3.1.K	L.4.1.K	L.5.1.K
Print all upper- and lowercase letters legibly.	Print all upper- and lowercase letters with proper letter formation.	Print all upper- and lowercase letters accurately. By the end of grade two, produce some cursive uppercase and lowercase letters.	Form all upper- and lowercase letters to write words legibly in cursive.	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.	Taught in Grade 3 and should be reinforced as needed.

L.K.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling as appropriate for Kindergarten when writing.	L.1.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of <i>standard English</i> capitalization, punctuation, and spelling as appropriate for Grade 1 when writing.	2. when writing.	L.3.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling as appropriate for Grade 3 when writing.	4 when writing.	L.5.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling as appropriate for Grade 5 when writing.
L.K.2.A Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.	L.1.2.A Capitalize the first word in sentences, the pronoun I, dates, and names of people.	L.2.2.A Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names.	L.3.2.A Capitalize appropriate words in titles.	L.4.2.A Use correct capitalization.	L.5.2.A Taught in Grade 4 and should be reinforced as needed.
L.K.2.B Recognize and name end punctuation.	L.1.2.B Use end punctuation for sentences.	L.2.2.B Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.	L.3.2.B Form and use possessives with and without apostrophes, as appropriate (e.g., girl's, boy's, her,his, their, its, students').	L.4.2.B Use correct spelling of plurals and possessives in writing.	L.5.2.B Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.
L.K.2.C Begins in Grade 1.	L.1.2.C Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.	L.2.2.C Use commas in greetings and closings of letters.	Use commas according to the conventions of standard English. Use a comma before a coordinating conjuntion in a compound sentence. Use commas in addresses. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue.	L.4.2.C Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.	L.5.2.C Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence. ● Use a comma to set off appositives, the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you.), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?). ● Use punctuation to separate items in a series.

L.K.2.D Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). • Spell consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC) words correctly. • Spell words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.	L.1.2.D Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words. ◆ Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling patterns.	cage, badge; boy, boil). • Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries as needed to check and correct	L.3.2.D Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness). • Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. • Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.	L.4.2.D Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed, including frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).	L.5.2.D Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
L.K.3 Begins in Grade 2.	L.1.3 Begins in Grade 2.	L.2.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions as appropriate for Grade 2 when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	L.3.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions as appropriate for Grade 3 when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	L.4.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions as appropriate for Grade 4 when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	L.5.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions as appropriate for Grade 5 when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
L.K.3.A Begins in Grade 3.	L.1.3.A Begins in Grade 3.	L.2.3.A Begins in Grade 3.	L.3.3.A Choose words and phrases for effect.	L.4.3.A Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely. • Choose punctuation for effect.	L.5.3.A Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
L.K.3.B Begins in Grade 3.	L.1.3.B Begins in Grade 3.	L.2.3.B Begins in Grade 3.	L.3.3.B Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written <i>standard English</i> .	J J	L.5.3.B Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.

L.K.4	L.1.4	L.2.4	L.3.4	L.4.4	L.5.4
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on Kindergarten reading and content.	meaning words and phrases based on Grade 1 reading and	, ,	of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on Grade 3 reading and content,		Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on Grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of effective strategies.
L.K.4.A Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck).		L.2.4.A Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	L.3.4.A Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	L.4.4.A Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, restatements in text) as clues to the meaning of a word or phrase.	L.5.4.A Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisions in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
L.K.4.B Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.		L.2.4.B Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).	L.3.4.B Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known affix is added to a known word (e.g., agreeable/disagreeable, comfortable/uncomfortable, care/careless, heat/preheat).	Greek and Latin affixes and roots	L.5.4.B Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., photograph, photosynthesis).
L.K.4.C Begins in Grade 1.	L.1.4.C Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking).	L.2.4.C Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).	L.3.4.C Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., company, companion).	L.4.4.C Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.	L.5.4.C Consult reference materials, both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
L.K.4.D Begins in Grade 2.	L.1.4.D Begins in Grade 2.	L.2.4.D Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark).	L.3.4.D Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.	a word or phrase (e.g., by	L.5.4.D Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

L.K.5	L.1.5	L.2.5	L.3.5	L.4.5	L.5.5
With guidance and support from		Demonstrate understanding of	Demonstrate understanding of	Demonstrate understanding of	Demonstrate understanding of
adults, explore word relationships			figurative language, word	figurative language, word	figurative language, word
and <i>nuances</i> in word meanings.		word meanings.	relationships and <i>nuances</i> in word		relationships, and nuances in
	relationships and <i>nuances</i> in	Ç .	meanings, as appropriate for the	word meanings, as appropriate	word meanings, as appropriate for
	word meanings.		grade level.	for the grade level.	the grade level.
	Ü				
L.K.5.A	L.1.5.A	L.2.5.A	L.3.5.A	L.4.5.A	L.5.5.A
Sort common objects into		ŭ	Distinguish the literal and	Explain the meaning of simple	Interpret figurative language in
categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to	colors, clothing) to gain a sense of		nonliteral meanings of words and	similes and metaphors (e.g., as	context, including but not limited
gain a sense of the concepts the	the concepts the categories	large apple can be categorized by	phrases in context (e.g., take	pretty as a picture) in context.	to, similes and metaphors.
categories represent.		its color, size, and as a fruit.) to	steps).		
		gain a sense of the concept that			
		items can be categorized by more			
		than one characteristic.			
L.K.5.B	L.1.5.B	L.2.5.B	L.3.5.B	L.4.5.B	L.5.5.B
Demonstrate understanding of	Define words by category and by	Distinguish shades of meaning	Identify real-life connections	Recognize and explain the	Interpret the meaning of common
frequently occurring verbs and	one or more key attributes (e.g., a	among closely related verbs (e.g.,		meaning of common idioms and	idioms and proverbs.
adjectives by relating them to	duck is a bird that swims; a tiger	toss, throw, hurl) and closely	describe people who are friendly	proverbs.	
their opposites (antonyms).	is a large cat with stripes).	related adjectives (e.g., thin,	or helpful).		
		slender, skinny, scrawny).			
L.K.5.C	L.1.5.C	L.2.5.C	L.3.5.C	L.4.5.C	L.5.5.C
Identify real-life connections	Identify real-life connections	Identify real-life connections	Distinguish shades of meaning	Demonstrate understanding of	Use the relationship between
between words and their use	•	between words and their use	among related words that	words by relating them to their	particular words (e.g., synonyms,
(e.g., note places at school that			describe states of mind or degrees		antonyms, homographs,
are colorful).	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or juicy).	of certainty (e.g., knew, believed,	words with similar but not	homophones, homonyms) to
are colorraly.	are cozy).	or juicy).	suspected, heard, wondered).	identical meanings, synonyms.	better understand each of the
			suspected, fleard, Worlderedy.	identical incamings, synonyms.	words.
					Words.
L.K.5.D	L.1.5.D	L.2.5.D	L.3.5.D	L.4.5.D	L.5.5.D
Distinguish shades of meaning	Distinguish shades of meaning	Taught in Grade 1 and should be	Taught in Grade 1 and should be	Taught in Grade 1 and should be	Taught in Grade 1 and should be
among verbs describing the same	among verbs differing in manner	reinforced as needed.	reinforced as needed.	reinforced as needed.	reinforced as needed.
general action (e.g., walk, march,	(e.g., look, peek, glance, stare,				
strut, prance) by acting out the	glare, scowl) and adjectives				
meanings.	differing in intensity (e.g., large,				
	gigantic) by defining or choosing				
	them or by acting out the				
	meanings.				

L.K.6	L.1.6	L.2.6	L.3.6	L.4.6	L.5.6
Use words and phrases acquired	Use words and phrases acquired	Use words and phrases acquired	Acquire and use accurately grade-	Acquire and use accurately grade-	Acquire and use accurately grade-
through conversations, reading,	through conversations, reading	through conversations, reading	appropriate conversational,	appropriate general academic	appropriate general academic
being read to, and responding to	and being read to, and	and being read to, and responding	general academic and domain-	and domain-specific words and	and domain-specific words and
texts.	responding to texts, including	to texts, including using adjectives	specific words and phrases,	phrases, including those that	phrases, including transition
	using frequently occurring	and adverbs to describe (e.g.,	including those that signal spatial	signal precise actions, emotions,	words that signal contrast,
	conjunctions to signal simple	When other kids are happy that	and temporal relationships (e.g.,	or states of being (e.g., quizzed,	addition, and other logical
	relationships (e.g., because).	makes me happy.).	After dinner that night we went	whined, stammered) and that are	relationships.
			looking for them).	basic to a particular topic (e.g.,	
				wildlife, conservation,	
				endangered).	